

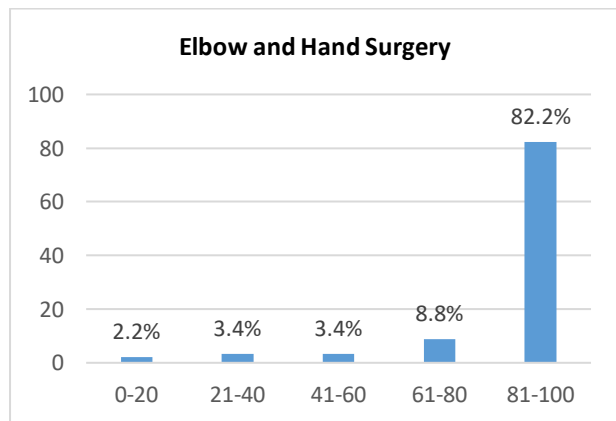
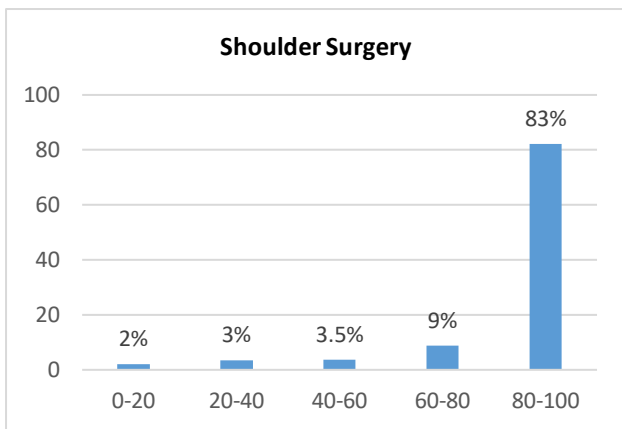
Outcomes

We use standard questionnaires to help us evaluate our outcomes of surgical treatments. This helps us better understand how patients are going after surgery and advise future patients on expected outcomes. We are always trying to improve in our techniques and care, and assessing outcomes is important when striving for quality. Other surgeons and medical providers may benefit from this information as a teaching or research resource, but patient confidentiality is maintained at all times.

Some conditions and patients are more amenable to improvement with surgery than others. Not everyone replies to the follow-up questionnaires and we respect that.

Patient Satisfaction with Medical Care

All shoulder surgeries 2012-2019



Outcomes of More Common Shoulder Procedures

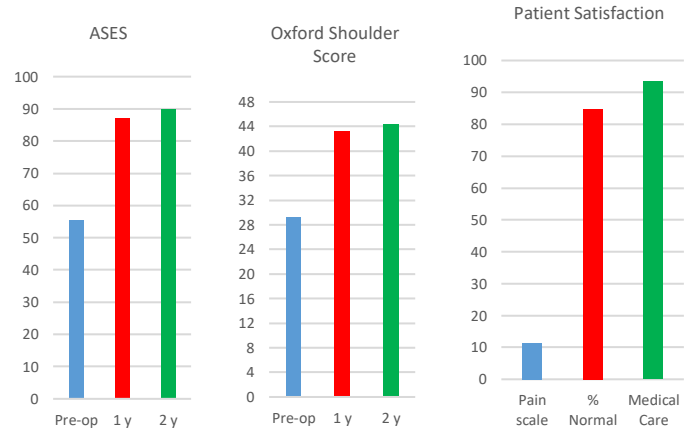
The ASES is the American Shoulder and Elbow Score. The maximum score (a 'perfect' shoulder) is 100.

The Oxford Scores are British scores. The maximum score (a 'perfect' shoulder) is 48.

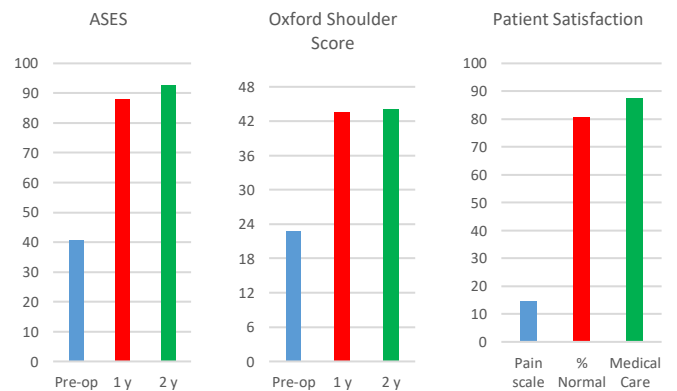
The WOSI score is a Canadian score for the unstable shoulder. It is a very strict score, with a maximum of 100.

Here are outcome scores of those who have completed the scores pre-surgery, at 1 year post surgery and 2 years post surgery in the last six years

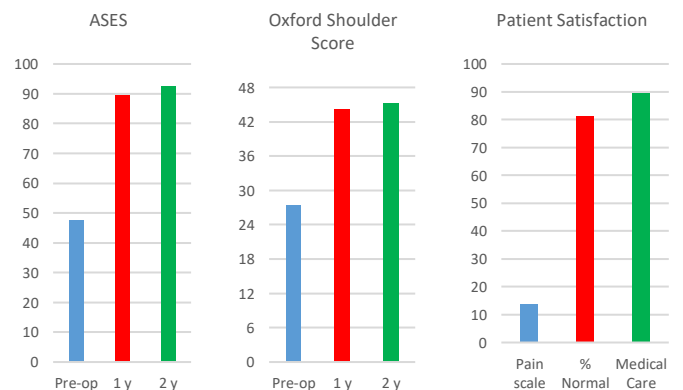
Supraspinatus Repair Surgeries



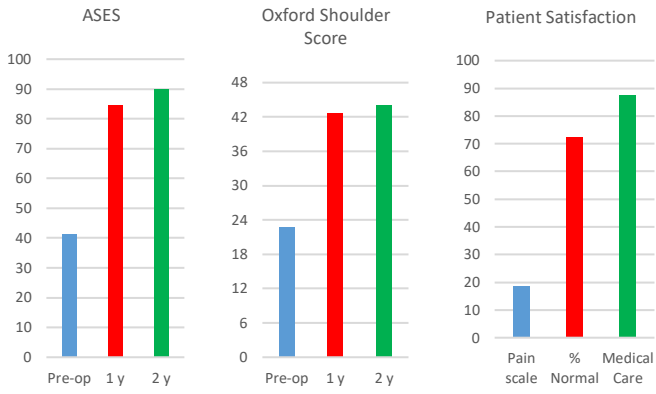
Multi-tendon Rotator Cuff Repair Surgeries



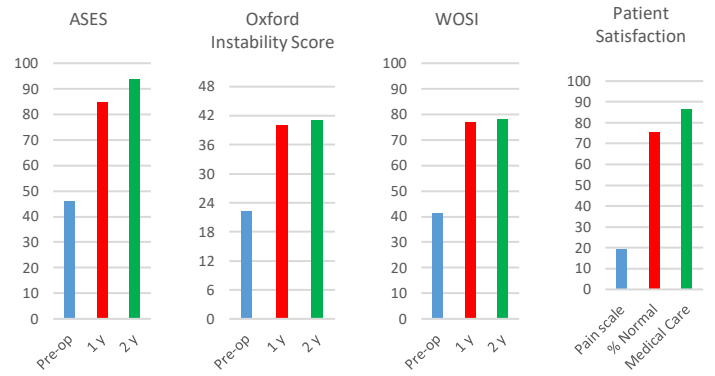
Arthroscopic Rotator Cuff Repair Surgeries



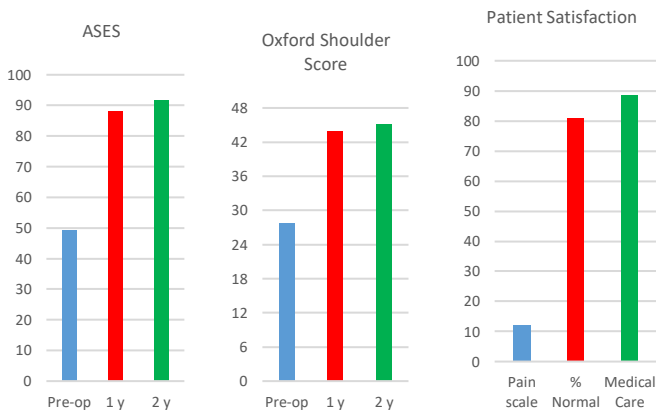
Open Rotator Cuff Repair Surgeries



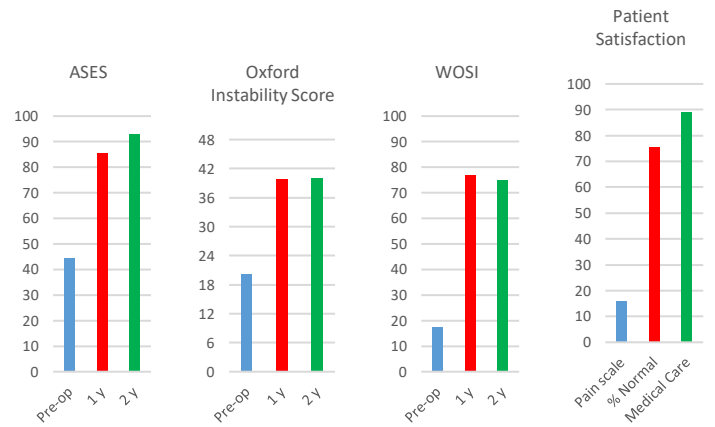
Arthroscopic Anterior Stabilisation Surgeries



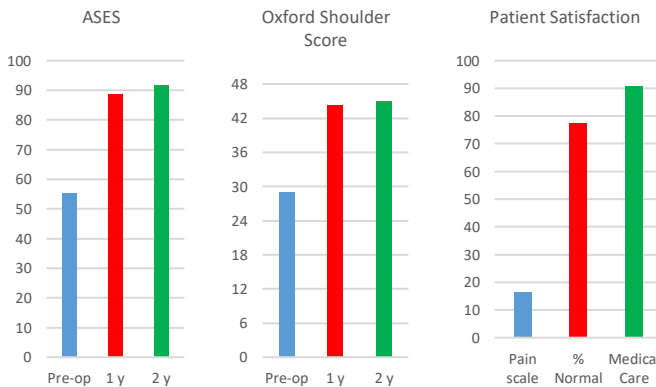
Rotator Cuff Repair Surgeries - Supraspinatus, partial thickness tears



Open Stabilisation Surgeries (excluding Latarjet, HAGL)



Calcific Tendinosis – Excision of Calcific Deposits



Open Stabilisation Surgeries - Latarjet



Labral Repair Surgeries (excluding Anterior Stabilisation)



Total Shoulder Replacement Surgeries

